



Communication Architecture for Dispatching Demand-Response



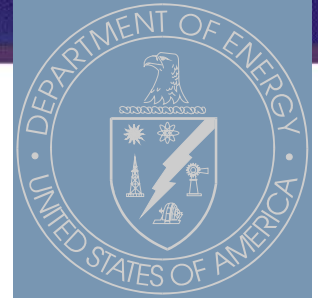
Connected Energy Corp.

Demand-Response
R&D Symposium
November 30, 2004

Topics

- DOE ACCP Project Background
- ACCP Architecture Overview
- PIER extension for Dispatching Demand Response that can be used for Ancillary Services

ACCP Background



- **DOE OETD FY03 Award for Phase 1**
 - Proof of design for aggregation at many 10s kW
 - Period of Performance: June-Dec 2003, Completion Feb 2004
 - 20% cost share minimum
 - 5 Awards: Alstom; Connected Energy Corp.; Detroit Edison; Energy Works; Nxegen, Inc.
- **Down-Selection Made for Phase II**
 - Commercialization and demonstration involving >10 DER units for >1 MW
 - Feeder Connected DERs; ISO involvement
 - 3 awards made: Detroit Edison, Ariva (Alstom), Connected Energy
 - < 2-year period of performance each
 - 50% cost share minimum



DOE Solicitation Objective

“Design, demonstrate and commercialize an advanced DER Communication and Control System capable of seamless integration of large-scale DER installations.”

PROPOSAL:
AGGREGATION
THROUGH
SEAMLESS INTEROPERABILITY

ACCP Project Team

TEAM LEADER: Connected Energy

California

- SCE- demonstration sites
- CAISO
- California Energy Commission PIER Program

New York

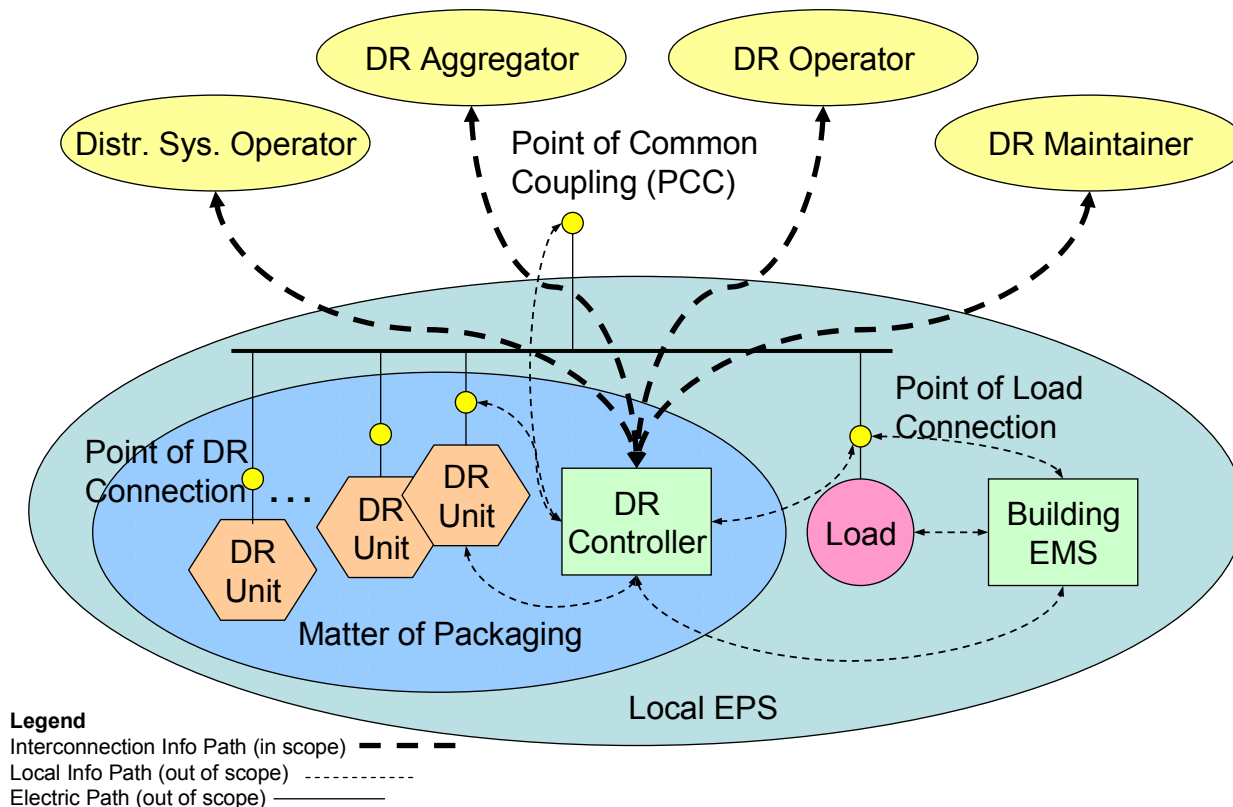
- Long Island Power Authority - demonstration sites
- NYISO
- NY State Energy Research Development Authority - demonstration sites

Other Participants

- Sandia National Laboratory- Information and SCADA security
- Mykotronx- Cryptography and Cypher modules
- Gas Technology Institute- AGA Security Standard

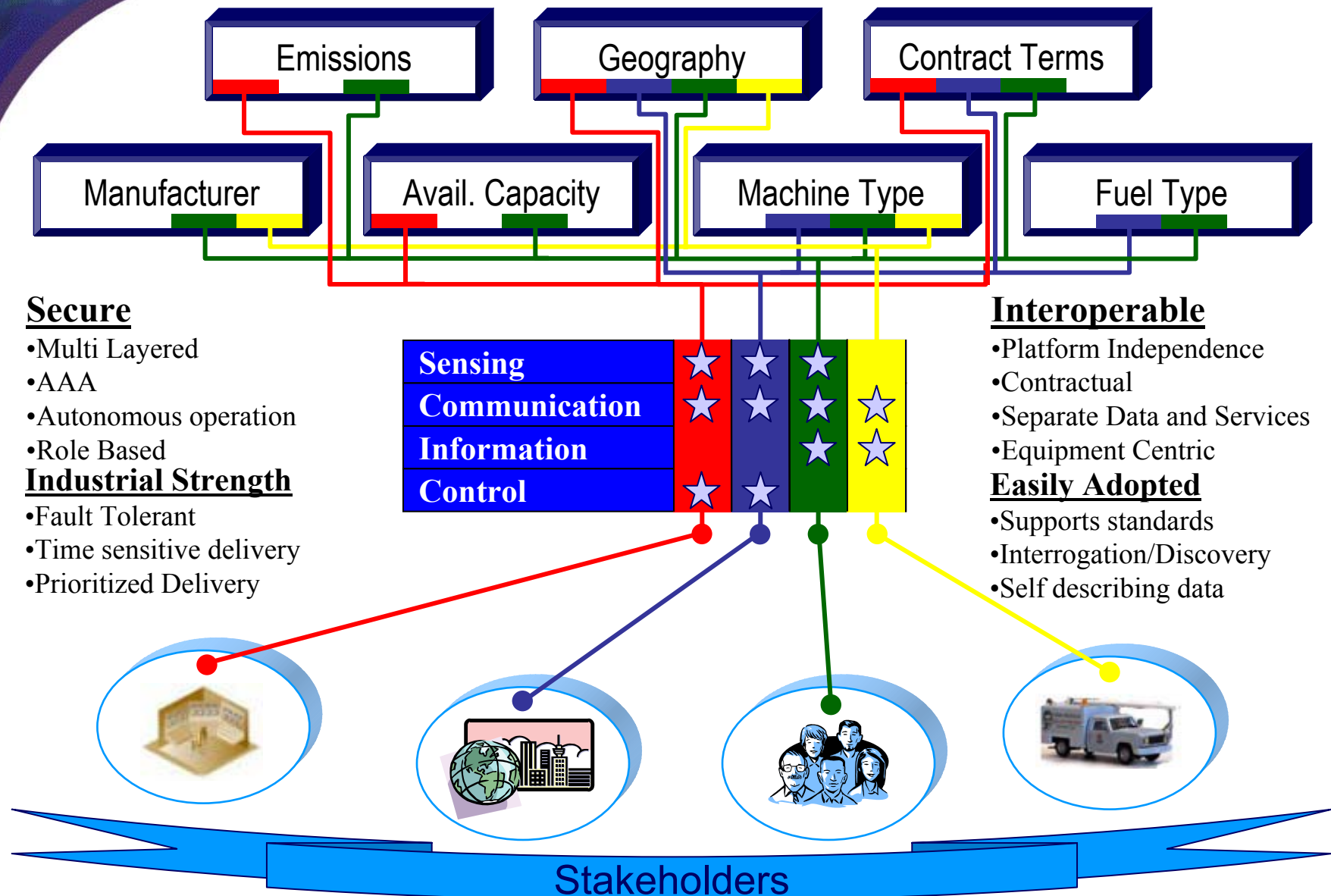
The Problem Domain

The DER domain is highly heterogeneous, fragmented, multi-player, legacy-driven and endlessly configurable.

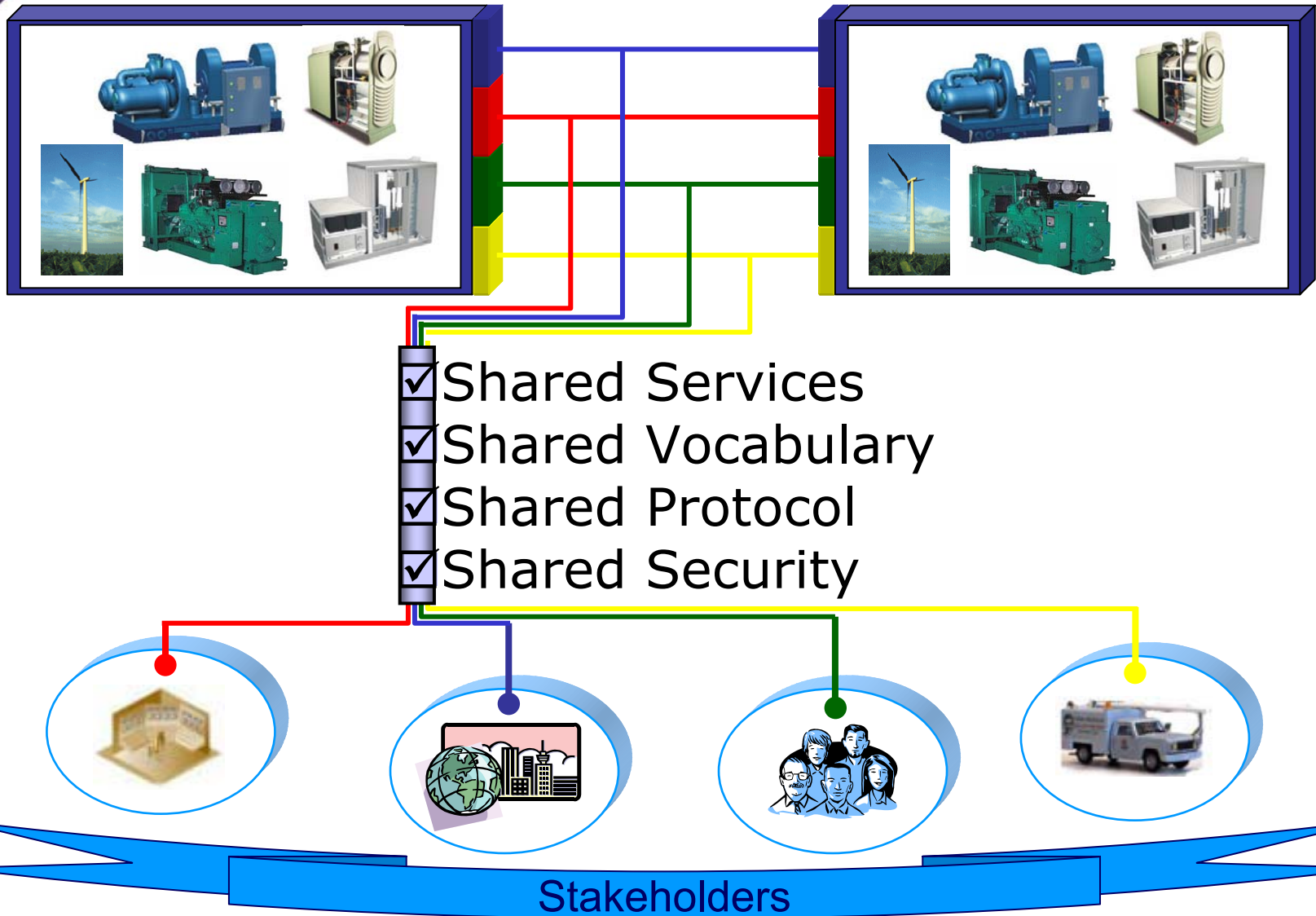


*From *Draft#1 IEEE P1547.3* document

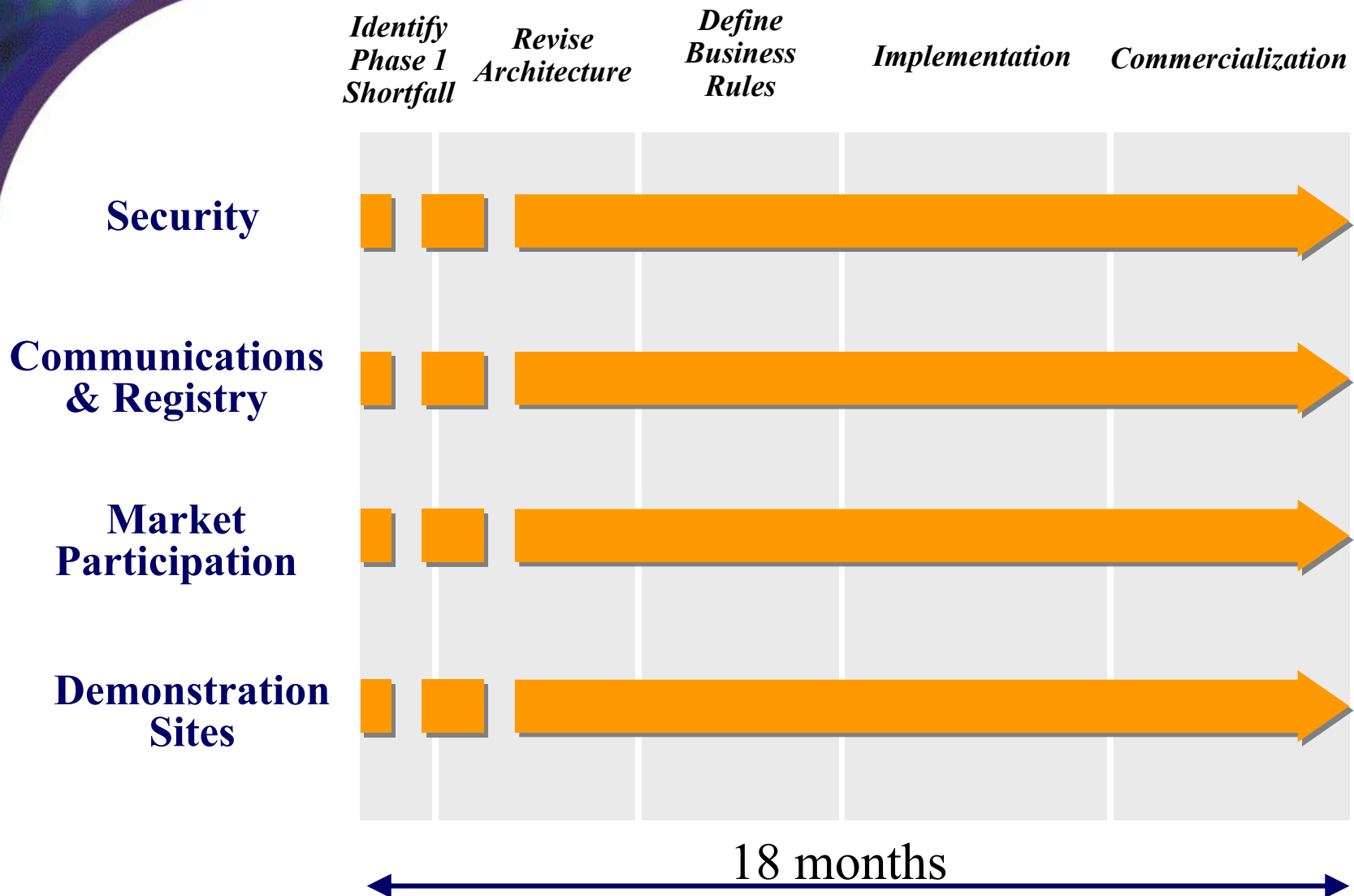
Project's ACCP Vision



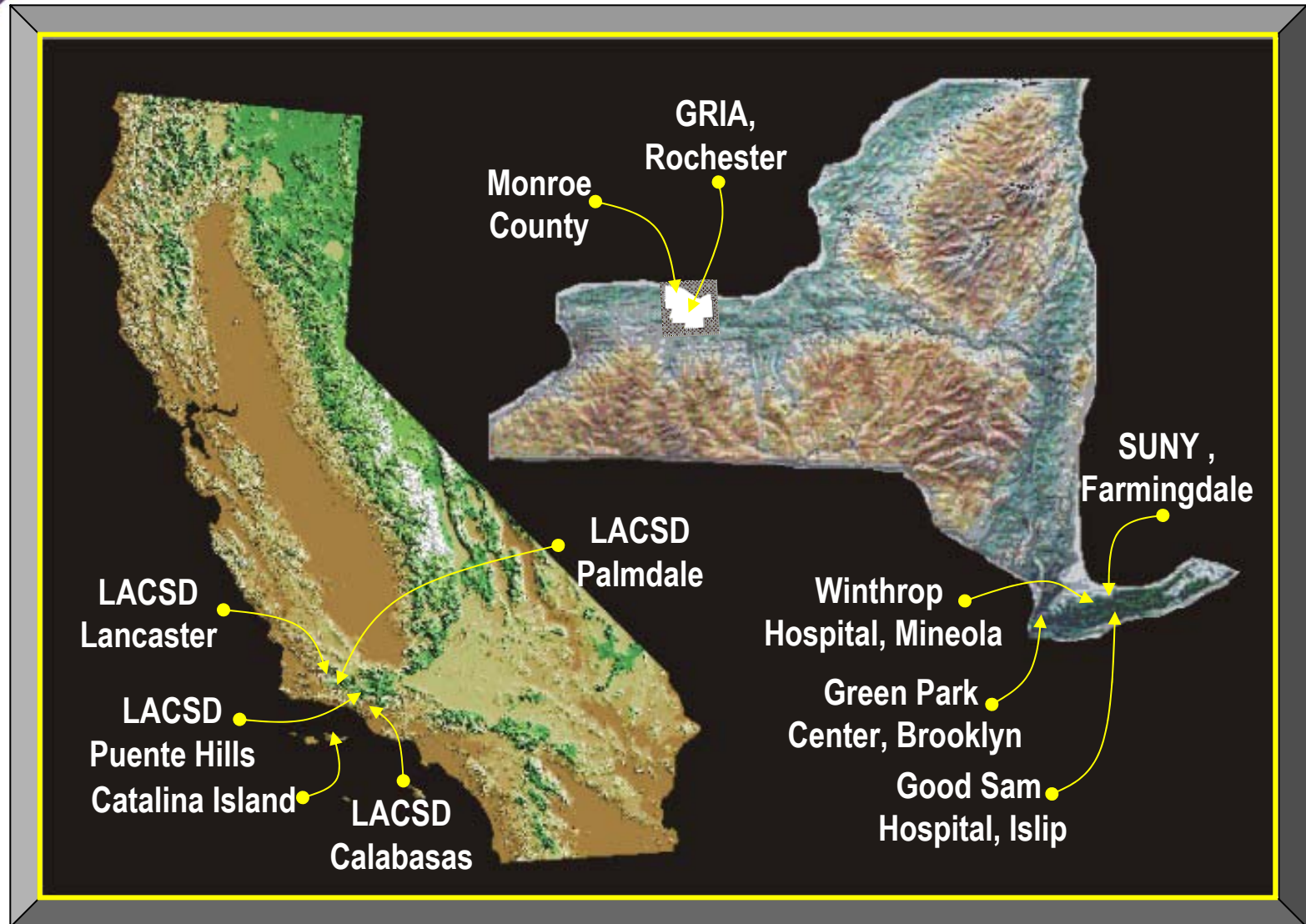
How to Achieve Interoperability?



Major Tasks



ACCP Demonstration Sites



PIER-Demand Response Project - Scope

- Demonstrate use of Demand Response (DR) to provide:
 - Load reduction on heavily loaded feeders
 - Reliability services for ISO
- Responsive Loads: 2 SCE DR systems
 - Planned: 200 Air Conditioner Controllers = 200KW of load
 - Planned: 4000 Smart thermostats = 350KW of load
- Add DR control and monitoring capabilities using the ACCP infrastructure

PIER Demand Response Project - Organization

- **Sponsor:** CEC PIER Program
Laurie ten Hope
- **Coordinators:** Joe Eto, LBNL/CERTS
Dave Hawkins, CAISO
- **Technical Leads:** Brendan Kirby, ORNL
John Kueck, ORNL
Bob Yinger, SCE
Mark Martinez, SCE
Thomas Yeh, Connected Energy
Dave Watson, LBNL
- **TAC:** CAISO, CEC, LBNL, PG&E,
SDG&E, SCE

Project Details

- Design experiments using SCE DR programs as Spinning Reserve
- Modify SCE DR system to dispatch by feeder
- Link ACCP System to SCE DR systems for monitoring
- Link SCE SCADA data from feeders to ACCP Data Historian for analysis
- Verify load drop duration and magnitude on selected circuits using Spot Meters
- Work with CAISO and SCE dispatchers to verify that program meets their needs

Project Phases

- Phase I (Oct – Jan 2005)
 - Determine sample size needed
 - Prepare test plan
 - Modify demand response dispatch system
 - Obtain data from SCADA system
 - Modify ACCP System to present DR information
- Phase II (Jan – May 2005)
 - Install equipment for DR and verification
- Phase III (May – Dec 2005)
 - Perform tests of DR system

PIER-DR Phase 1 System

